

COPYRIGHT

Copyright © 2014 EAK Common Core Galore & More -TeacherspayTeachers All rights reserved by author. Permission to copy for single classroom use only. Please feel free to direct those who would like a copy to my TpT store (link below) to download another copy.

<u>My Teachers Pay</u> <u>Teachers Store</u>



<u>www.commoncoregaloreandmore.com</u> <u>www.pinterest.com/misseakteach/</u> <u>www.facebook.com/CommonCoreGaloreandMore</u>

KINDERGARTEN READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT

READING: LITERATURE

READING: LITERATORE	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT
Key Ideas and Details	Key Ideas and Details
RL.K.1 With prompting & support, ask & answer questions about key details in a text.	RI.K.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details
RL.K.2 With prompting & support, retell familiar stories, including key details.	in a text.
RLK.3 With prompting & support, identify characters, settings & major events in a	RI.K.2 With prompting and support, identify the main topic & retell key details of
	a text.
story.	
Craft and Structure RL.K.4 Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	RI.K.3 With prompting and support, describe the connection between two
	individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.
RLK.5 Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems).	Craft and Structure
RL.K.6 With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and	RI.K.4 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown
define the role of each in telling the story.	words in a text.
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	RI.K.5 Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.
RLK.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations	
and the story in which they appear	RI.K.6 Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in
	presenting ideas or information in a text.
RL.K.8 (RL.K.8 not applicable to literature)	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
RL.K.9 With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and	RI.K.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations
experiences of characters in familiar stories.	and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	
RL.K.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	text
	an illustration depicts).
READING: FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS	RI.K.8 With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support
Print Concepts	points in a text.
RF.K.1 Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.	RI.K.9 With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences
RF.K.1a Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.	between two texts on the same topic (e.g., illustrations, descriptions, or
RF.K.1b Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific	procedures).
sequences of letters.	
RF.K.1c Understand that words are separated by spaces in print.	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
RF.K.1d Recognize and name all upper and lowercase letters in the alphabet.	RI.K.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.
Phonological Awareness	LANGUAGE
RF.K.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds	
(phonemes).	Conventions of Standard English
RF.K.2a Recognize and produce rhyming words.	L.K.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and
RF.K.2b Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.	usage when writing or speaking.
RF.K.2c Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.	L.K.1a Print many upper- and lowercase letters.
RF.K.2d Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme	L.K.1b Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.
(consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words. ¹ (This does not include CVCs ending	L.K.1c Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes).
with /l/, /r/, or /x/.)	L.K.1d Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., who, what, where, when,
RF.K.2e Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new	why, how).
words.	L.K.1e Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of,
Phonics and Word Recognition	by, with).
I RF K 3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding	Dy, with:
RF.K.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.
words.	
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization,
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant.	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun /
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels.	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ.	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ.	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2)
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u>	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u>	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 lettify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-,
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i>	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing/uck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>).	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 lettify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing <i>duck</i> is a bird and learning the verb to <i>duck</i>). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., <i>-ed</i> , <i>-s</i> , <i>re-</i> , <i>un-</i> , <i>pre-</i> , <i>-ful</i> , <i>-less</i>) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.	L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 lottify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4 Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5a Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. <i>Knowledge of Language</i> (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) <i>Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</i> L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to <i>duck</i>). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., <i>-ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-,</i> <i>-ful, -less</i>) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5b With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5b Viet auderstanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms).
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i> , <i>of</i> , <i>to</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>she</i> , <i>my</i> , <i>is</i> , <i>are</i> , <i>do</i> , <i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 lottify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4 Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5a Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 leentify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5b Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). L.K.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school
 words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing 	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. <i>Knowledge of Language</i> (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) <i>Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</i> L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to <i>duck</i>). L.K.4 buse the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., <i>-ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-,</i> <i>-ful, -less</i>) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5b Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., <i>walk, march, strut, prance</i>) by acting out the meanings.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3)	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 Jettify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4 buse the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5 Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). L.K.5 Lotentify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5 Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. <i>Knowledge of Language</i> (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) <i>Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</i> L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., <i>-ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-,</i> <i>-ful, -less</i>) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5b Uth guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5a Cort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5b Clentify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., <i>walk, march, strut, prance</i>) by acting out the meanings.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5b Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). L.K.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., <i>walk, march, strut, prance</i>) by acting out the meanings. L.K.6d Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to	 LK.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. LK.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. LK.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / LK.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. LK.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). LK.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (LK.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use LK.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. LK.4a ldentify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). LK.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. LK.5a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. LK.5b Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). LK.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). LK.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. LK.5d Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	 LiK.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, draving on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. <i>Knowledge of Language</i> (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) <i>Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</i> L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 Joets is a bird and learning the verb to <i>duck</i>). L.K.4 buse the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., <i>-ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less</i>) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5 I dentify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5 I Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., <i>walk, march, strut, prance</i>) by acting out the meanings. L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.
words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. <u>WRITING</u> Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite</i> <i>book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to	 L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. L.K.4 Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. L.K.4d Ubertimine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5b Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). L.K.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, pr
 words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i>, <i>of</i>, <i>to</i>, <i>you</i>, <i>she</i>, <i>my</i>, <i>is</i>, <i>are</i>, <i>do</i>,<i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. 	 LiK.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, draving on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. <i>Knowledge of Language</i> (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) <i>Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</i> L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 Jose the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., <i>ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, ful, -less</i>) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 a bort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5 Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5 Identify neal-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5 Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5 Ubstinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., <i>walk, march, strut, prance</i>) by acting out the meanings. L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.
 words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i>, <i>of</i>, <i>to</i>, <i>you</i>, <i>she</i>, <i>my</i>, <i>is</i>, <i>are</i>, <i>do</i>,<i>does</i>). RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i>, <i>of</i>, <i>to</i>, <i>you</i>, <i>she</i>, <i>my</i>, <i>is</i>, <i>are</i>, <i>do</i>,<i>does</i>). RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the</i>, <i>of</i>, <i>to</i>, <i>you</i>, <i>she</i>, <i>my</i>, <i>is</i>, <i>are</i>, <i>do</i>,<i>does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Wroduction and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration w	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5u Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5b Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). L.K.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. L.K.6d Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts. SPEAKING ADD LISTENING S.K.1a Pollow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics an texts with geres and adult in small and larger g
 words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing a needed. W.K.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.K.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). 	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2a Capitalize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., <i>ed</i>, <i>-</i>s, <i>re-</i>, <i>un-</i>, <i>pre-</i>, <i>ful</i>, <i>i-less</i>) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5b With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5c Identify praceables of meaning anong verbs describing the same general action (e.g., <i>walk, march, strut, prance</i>) by acting out the meanings. L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts. S.L.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>kindergarten topics and texts</i> with peres and adults in small and larger groups. S.L.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>kindergarten topics and texts</i> with peres and adults in small and larger groups. S.L.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners a
 words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3d Deitsinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.K.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). W.K.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences 	 L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2b Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of unknown word. L.K.5 Uth guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5a Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. L.K.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. L.K.6d Ustinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. L.K.5d Distinguis
 words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3c Nead common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., <i>the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does</i>). RF.K.3c Nead common high-frequency words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.K.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite autho	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2a Capitalize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., <i>ed</i>, <i>-</i>s, <i>re-</i>, <i>un-</i>, <i>pre-</i>, <i>ful</i>, <i>i-less</i>) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5b With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5c Identify praceables of meaning anong verbs describing the same general action (e.g., <i>walk, march, strut, prance</i>) by acting out the meanings. L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts. S.L.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>kindergarten topics and texts</i> with peres and adults in small and larger groups. S.L.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>kindergarten topics and texts</i> with peres and adults in small and larger groups. S.L.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners a
 words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite ather and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. W.K.3 begins in grade 4) 	 L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2 Gapitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2 Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2 Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2 Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2 Bypell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a ldentify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -f.dl, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5b Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). L.K.5b Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). L.K.5b Cledntify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). L.K.5d Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts. S.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>kindergarten topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger groups. S.L.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts son). S.L.K.2 Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information
 words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3a Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3a Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do,does). RF.K.3a Read common high-frequency words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.3a Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). W.K.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provide sources to answer a question. (W.K.9 begins in grade 4) Research to Build and Present Knowledge	 L.K.1f Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. L.K.2d Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowingduck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). L.K.4b Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5b Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antomyms). L.K.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.
 words. RF.K.3a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Fluency RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>). W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose information about the topic. W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing (W.K.4 begins in grade 3) W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, recold the pers. Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.K.3 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. W.K.3 begins in grade 4) 	 L.K.1 Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2 Gapitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun / L.K.2 Gapitalize the first word in a sentence and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2 Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2 Gypell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. Knowledge of Language (L.K.3 begins in grade 2) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and fixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.So Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. L.K.So Less of meaning of meaning of requently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). L.K.So Listinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. L.K.So Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts. Su.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with geres and adults in small and larger groups. S.K.1 So Less on small and larger groups. S.K.1 Forticipate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts w

SL.K.6 Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.

www.commoncoregaloreandmore.com

GRADE 1

READING: LITERATURE

Key Ideas and Details RL.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. RL.1.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson. RL.1.3 Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details. **Craft and Structure RL.1.4** Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses. RL.1.5 Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types. RL.1.6 Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas **RL.1.7** Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events RL.1.8 (RL.1.8 not applicable to literature)

RL.1.9 Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

RL.1.10 With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of appropriate complexity for grade 1.

READING: FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS

Print Concepts

RF.1.1 Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print. RF.1.1a Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).

Phonological Awareness

RF.1.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds.

RF.1.2a Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.

RF.1.2b Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends

RF.1.2c Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken

single-syllable words. RF.1.2d Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds

(phonemes) **Phonics and Word Recognition**

RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

RF.1.3a Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs.

RF.1.3b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.

RF.1.3c Know final -e and common yowel team conventions for representing long yowel sounds. RF.1.3d Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.

RF.1.3e Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables.

RF.1.3f Read words with inflectional endings.

RF.1.3g Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.

Fluency RF.1.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. RF.1.4a Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding

RF.1.4b Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings

RF.1.4c Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessarv

WRITING

Text Types and Purposes

W.1.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.

W.1.2 Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.

W.1.3 Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.

Production and Distribution of Writing

(W.1.4 begins in grade 3)

W.1.5 With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.1.6 With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

W.1.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).

W.1.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from

experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. (W.1.9 begins in grade 4)

Range of Writing

(W.1.10 begins in grade 3)

www.commoncoregaloreandmore.com

READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT Key Ideas and Details

RI.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

RI.1.2 Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text. RI.1.3 Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or

pieces of information in a text.

Craft and Structure

RI.1.4 Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.

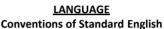
RI.1.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text. RI.1.6 Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.1.7 Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas. **RI.1.8** Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text. RI.1.9 Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

RI.1.10 With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.



L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

L.1.1a Print all upper- and lowercase letters

L.1.1b Use common, proper, and possessive nouns. L.1.1c Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g., He hops; We hop). L.1.1d Use personal, possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g., I, me, my; they, them, their, etc.) L1.1e Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., Yesterday I walked home; Today I walk home; Tomorrow I will walk home). L.1.1f Use frequently occurring adjectives.

L.1.1g Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g., and, but, or, so, because).

L.1.1h Use determiners (e.g., articles, demonstratives).

L.1.1i Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., during, beyond, toward) L.1.1 Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.

L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English

capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

L.1.2a Capitalize dates and names of people L.1.2b Use end punctuation for sentences.

L.1.2c Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.

L.1.2d Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring

irregular words

L.1.2e Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

L.1.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.

L.1.4a Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase

L.1.4b Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word.

L.1.4c Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., look) and their inflectional forms (e.g., looks, looked, lookina)

L.1.5 With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

L.1.5a Sort words into categories to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.

L1.5b Define words by category and by one or more key attributes (e.g., a duck is a bird that swims)

L.1.5c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are cozy). L.1.5d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner (e.g., look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl) and adjectives differing in intensity (e.g., large, gigantic) by defining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings

L.1.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g., because).

SPEAKING AND LISTENING

SL.1.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about *grade* 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.

SL.1.1a Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time

about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.1.1b Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.

SL1.1c Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion

SL.1.2 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.

SL.1.3 Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.

SL.1.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.

SL.1.5 Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.

SL.1.6 Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.

GRA	DE 2
READING: LITERATURE Key Ideas and Details RL.2.1 Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text. RL.2.2 Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral. RL.2.3 Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges.	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT Key Ideas and Details RI.2.1 Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text. RI.2.2 Identify the main topic of a multi-paragraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text. RI.2.3 Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text.
Craft and Structure RL.2.4 Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song. RL.2.5 Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action. RL.2.6 Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas RL.2.7 Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot. RL.2.8 (RL.1.8 not applicable to literature) RL.2.9 Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g., Cinderella stories) by different authors or from different cultures.	Craft and Structure RI.2.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area. RI.2.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently. RI.2.6 Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas RI.2.7 Explain how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text. RI.2.8 Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text. RI.2.9 Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity RL.2.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories and poetry, in the grades 2-3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity RI.2.10 By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 2-3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
 READING: FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS Phonics and Word Recognition RF.2.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. RF.2.3a Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled one-syllable words. RF.2.3b Know spelling-sound correspondences for additional common vowel teams. RF.2.3c Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels. RF.2.3e Identify words with common prefixes and suffixes. RF.2.3e Identify words with inconsistent but common spelling-sound correspondences. RF.2.3f Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words. RF.2.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. RF.2.4 Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. RF.2.4 Read grade-level text with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. RF.2.4 Read grade-level text orally with accuracy appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. RF.2.40 Read grade-level text orally with accuracy appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. RF.2.40 Luse context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	LANGUAGE Conventions of Standard English L.2.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1a Use collective nouns (e.g., group). L.2.1b Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth, mice, fish). L.2.1c Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves). L.2.1d Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs (e.g., sat, hid, told). L.2.1e Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified. L.2.1F Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The
 WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.2.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section. W.2.2 Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section. W.2.3 Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.	boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy). L.2.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.2.2 Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names. L.2.2 Use commas in greetings and closings of letters. L.2.2 Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives. L.2.2 Generalize learned spelling patterns when writing words (e.g., cage → badge; boy → boil). L.2.2 Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.
Production and Distribution of Writing (W.2.4 begins in grade 3) W.2.5 With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. W.2.6 With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and	Knowledge of Language L.2.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L.2.3a Compare formal and informal uses of English.
publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.2.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations). W.2.8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. (W.2.9 begins in grade 4) Range of Writing	 Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.2.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies. L.2.4a Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.2.4b Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell). L.2.4c Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional).
(W.2.10 begins in grade 3) SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL.2.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers	 L.2.4d Use knowledge of the meaning of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g., birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bookshelf, notebook, bookmark). L.2.4e Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases. L.2.5 Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
 SL.2.1 Participate in Consolve Contensions with one's partner's about group 2 topics and rexts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.2.1a Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.2.1b Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others. SL.2.1c Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion. SL.2.2 Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media. SL.2.3 Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue. SL.2.4 Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking 	 L2.5a Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy or juicy). L2.5b Distinguish shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurl) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, skinny, scrawny). L2.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).
 SL.2.5 Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings. SL.2.6 Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or relativity. 	EEAK - Common Core Galore & More, 2014 <u> www.commoncoregaloreandmore.com</u>

larificatior

	GRADE 3	
	READING: LITERATURE	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT
	Key Ideas and Details	Key Ideas and Details
	RL3.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis	RI.3.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as
	for the answers.	the basis for the answers.
	RL.3.2 Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.	RI.3.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.
	RL.3.3 Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.	RI.3.3 Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.
	Craft and Structure RL.3.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral	Craft and Structure RI.3.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant
	language. RL.3.5 Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as	to a grade 3 topic or subject area.
	chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.	RI.3.5 Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.
>	RL.3.6 Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.	RI.3.6 Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
	RL.3.7 Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas RI.3.7 Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to
	(e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting) RL.3.8 (RL.3.8 not applicable to literature)	demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).
	RL3.9 Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same	RI.3.8 Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).
	or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series)	RI.3.9 Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same
	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	topic.
1	RL3.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity RI.3.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies,
1	end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	science, & technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently & proficiently.
5	READING: FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS	
	Phonics and Word Recognition	LANGUAGE
	RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	Conventions of Standard English L.3.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar
	RF.3.3a Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes. RF.3.3b Decode words with common Latin suffixes.	and usage when writing or speaking.
•	RF.3.3c Decode multisyllable words.	L.3.1a Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions
	RF.3.3d Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.	in particular sentences.
•	Fluency RF.3.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	 L.3.1b Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns. L.3.1c Use abstract nouns (e.g., childhood).
•	RF.3.4a Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	L.3.1d Form and use regular and irregular verbs.
•	RF.3.4b Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on	L.3.1e Form and use the simple (e.g., I walked; I walk; I will walk) verb tenses. L.3.1f Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.
	successive readings. RF.3.4c Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	L.3.1g Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them
		depending on what is to be modified. L.3.1h Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.
>	WRITING	L3.11 Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.
	Text Types and Purposes	L.3.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English
	W.3.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.W.3.1a Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure	capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
	that lists reasons.	L.3.2a Capitalize appropriate words in titles.
	W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion.	 L.3.2a Capitalize appropriate words in titles. L.3.2b Use commas in addresses. L.3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. 	 L.3.2b Use commas in addresses. L.3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L.3.2d Form and use possessives.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1c Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. 	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness).
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. 	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. 	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness).
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. 	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. 	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., <i>sitting, smiled, cries, happiness</i>). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., <i>word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts</i>) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3d Write inarratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. 	L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. Knowledge of Language L3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3a Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence 	L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Usevelop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3a Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3b Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show 	L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. Knowledge of Language L3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. 	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Joer conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.3U Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3a Choose words and phrases for effect. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Jurroduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 bevelop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3d Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3a Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3b Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. 	L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking the event sequences. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Builts a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3 Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. 	L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., <i>sitting, smiled, cries, happiness</i>). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., <i>word families, position-based spellings, syllable</i> <i>patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts</i>) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3b Ise dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3d Provide a sense of closure. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are 	L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e torm and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3a Choose words and phrases for effect. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L3.4a Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 a Use blish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3 b Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 d Provide a sense of closure. 	L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., <i>sitting, smiled, cries, happiness</i>). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., <i>word families, position-based spellings, syllable</i> <i>patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts</i>) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 Provide a sense of closure. W.3.3 Provide a sense of closure. W.3.4 Provide a sense of closure. W.3.4 Provide a support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to tak and purpose. W.3.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and 	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2c Use command use possessives. L3.2e Torm and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.3d Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L3.4 Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4b Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat).
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.3 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.3 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.3 Evaluation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3 Buse dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 C Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 Buse dialogue and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 C Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 Buse dialogue and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to	L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaning/u word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. Knowledge of Language L3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L3.4b Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, com/ortable/uncom/ortable, core/careless, heat/preheat).
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3 b Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to signal event order. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 Use topic and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.4 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) 	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.3d Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4 Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., gorgeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown and with the same root (e.g., company, companion). L3.40 Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of a word or phrase.
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2a Untre informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3a Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3b Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3d Provide a sense of closure. W.3.3d Provide a sense of closure. W.3.3d Provide a sense of closure. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) W.3.6 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate wi	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., <i>sitting, smiled, cries, happiness</i>). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., <i>word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts</i>) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. <i>Knowledge of Language</i> L3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3 be Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. <i>Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</i> L3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L3.4 Use stentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.44 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., <i>company, companion</i>). L3.44 Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Urite informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking the avent sequences. W.3.3 B Use dialogue and excriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 buse dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 buse tamporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 buse tamporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 buse tamporal words and purpose. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.3u Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3a Choose words and phrases for effect. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L3.4e Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4e Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4e Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown and fix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/acare/arere/are/are/as.heat/preheat). L3.4e Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/acare/are/are/as.heat/preheat). L3.4e Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/acare/are/are/as.heat/preheat). L3.4b Determine or clarify the precise between the an unknown word with the same root (e.g., admetable/disagreeable, confortable/acare/are/are/as.heat/preheat). L3.4b Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., admetable/disagreeable, confortable/acare/are/are/as.heat/preheat). L3.4b Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., a
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 Provide a sense of closure. W.3.3 Provide a sense of closure. W.3.4 Provide a support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) W.3.6 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.5 Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic. W.3.6 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. 	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. Knowledge of Language L3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3 to hoose words and phrases for effect. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L3.4b Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4b Use anown root word as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4c Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., argeable/disagreable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careles, heat/preheat). L3.4c Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., companion). L3.4d Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. L3.5a Distinguish the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Urite informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking the avent sequences. W.3.3 B Use dialogue and excriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 buse dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 buse tamporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 buse tamporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 buse tamporal words and purpose. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.3u Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3a Choose words and phrases for effect. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown and fix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/uconfortable/acer/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/acer/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/uconfortable/acer/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Determine or clarify the precise, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. L3.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L3.5 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered). L3.5 Distin
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2b Ide linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2b Ide linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequence. W.3.3b Iss dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3c Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3d Provide a sense of closure. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.6 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to p	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3 Las Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L3.4b Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4c Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4d Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4d Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4d Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. L3.5b Distinguish the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context L3.5b Identify real-life connections between words and their use L3.5b Identify real-life connections b
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Ja Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.3 Urite narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Use tablish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3 Use tablish a situation and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding sills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, use	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.3u Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3a Choose words and phrases for effect. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown and fix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/uconfortable/acer/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/acer/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/uconfortable/acer/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Determine or clarify the precise, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. L3.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L3.5 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered). L3.5 Distin
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2d Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3d Vinte narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3b Stablish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3b Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3c Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) W.3.6 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.6 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.6 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce	 L3.2b Use commas in addresses. L3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.2d Form and use possessives. L3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.3u Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.3a Choose words and phrases for effect. L3.3b Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown and fix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/uconfortable/acer/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/acer/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/uconfortable/acer/careless, heat/preheat). L3.4 Determine or clarify the precise, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. L3.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L3.5 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered). L3.5 Distin
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Ja Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.3 Urite narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Buse dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding sills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding sills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, us	 L.3.2b Use commas in addresses. L.3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L.3.2d Form and use possessives. L.3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L.3.1f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L.3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. McDouldenge of Language L.3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L.3.3 bracognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of a unknown and vilt the same root (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat). L.3.4 Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.3.5 Denostrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.3.5 bid hold fifty real-life connections between words and phrases in context L.3.5 bid hold fifty real-life connections between words and their use L.3.5 bid hold fifty real-life connections between words and phrases in context L.3.5 bid hold or degrees of meaning anong related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>knew, believed, suspected, heard, w</i>
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, threefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2 Jurtoduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 a Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3 Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3 Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.4 Uth guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.4 Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories. W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact an	 L.3.2b Use commas in addresses. L.3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L.3.2d Form and use possessives. L.3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L.3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L.3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L.3.2 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L.3.3 be cognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.3.4 Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., <i>company, companion</i>). L.3.4 Use glosaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of a word or phrase. L.3.4 Use glosaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. L.3.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.3.5 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondred</i>). L.3.5 Distinguish the diverstanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.3.5 Distinguish the diverstanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.3.5 Distinguish the diverstanding of figurative language, word relations
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.3 Drive a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3 by edialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 d Provide a sense of closure. W.3.3 d Provide a sense of closure. W.3.4 Provide a sense of closure. W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to	 L.3.2b Use commas in addresses. L.3.2c Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L.3.2d Form and use possessives. L.3.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). L.3.1G Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L.3.2 Gonsult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L.3.4 Use showledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L.3.3 be knowledge of language and its conventions of spoken and written standard English. L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., <i>agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat</i>). L.3.4 Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of words and phrases in context L.3.5 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of caretativ (re.g., <i>knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered</i>). L.3.5 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of caretativ (re.g., <i>knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered</i>). L.3.6 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of caretativ (re.g., <i>knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered</i>). L.3.6 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Urite informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Drovide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Buse dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 Ure dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.4 Urb guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) W.3.4 Orduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic. W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.8 Recall information from experiences or	 L.3.2b Use commas in addresses. L.3.2d Form and use possesvives. L.3.2d Form and use possesvives. L.3.2 Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happines). L.3.2 Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L.3.2 Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L.3.2 (Sould reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L.3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L.3.3 Choose words and phrases for effect. L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of a nunknown word with the same root (e.g., <i>compabil, companio)</i>. L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., <i>compani)</i>. L.3.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.3.5 Distinguish the litteral and nonniteral meanings of words and phrases in context L.3.5 Distinguish the states of meaning anong related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>knew, believed, suppetced, heard, wondered)</i>. L.3.6 Distinguish the states of meaning anong related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>kne</i>
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2 d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 defer event sequences. W.3.3 bus dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 d Provide a sense of closure. WDA14 provide a and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.4 Writh guidance and support from peers and adult, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) W.3.4 Writh guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.5 Writh guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.5 Writh guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and col	 L.3.2 Use commas in addresses. L.3.24 Low conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happines). L.3.2 Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happines). L.3.2 Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. L.3.2 (gonsult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L.3.2 (Los knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L.3.3 Choose words and phrases for effect. L.3.3 becognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L.4.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.3.4 Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of a unknown word with the same root (e.g., opreable/disogreable/comfortable/uncomfortable/, care/careles, heat/preheat). L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of a unknown word with the same root (e.g., orgenable/disogreable/comogreable, care/careles, heat/preheat). L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of a unknown word with the same root (e.g., orgenable/disogreable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careles, heat/preheat). L.3.4 Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of a unknown word with the same root (e.g., orgenable/disogrea
	 W.3.1b Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d Provide a concluding statement or section. W.3.2 Urite informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2 Drovide a concluding statement or section. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3 Buse dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3 Ure dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.4 Urb guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. W.3.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3 here.) W.3.4 Orduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic. W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.8 Recall information from experiences or	 L3.2 Use commas in addresses. L3.24 Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. L3.24 Form and use possessives. L3.24 Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., <i>stitting, smiled, cries, happiness</i>). L3.24 Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., <i>word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts</i>) in writing words. L3.26 Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.28 Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. L3.30 konowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L3.30 Rocognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. L3.40 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L3.40 Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., <i>agreeable/disagreeable, confortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat</i>). L3.40 Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. L3.50 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L3.51 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L3.52 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>hnw, believed, suspected, heard, wordsered</i>). L3.54 Distentive shades of the alternet meanings of words and phrases in context L3.55 Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe state

SL.3.4 Keport on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace. SL.3.5 Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details. SL.3.6 Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.



GRA	DE 4	
READING: LITERATURE Key Ideas and Details RL4.1 Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	READING: INFORMATIONALTEXT Key Ideas and Details RI.4.1 Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RL.4.2 Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text; summarize the text. RL.4.3 Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions).	RI.4.2 Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text. RI.4.3 Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.	
Craft and Structure RL.4.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters found in mythology (e.g., Herculean). RL.4.5 Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose, and refer to the structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g., casts of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a text. RL.4.6 Compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations.	Craft and Structure RI.4.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area. RI.4.5 Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text. RI.4.6 Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided.	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas RL4.7 Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral presentation of the text, identifying where each version reflects specific descriptions and directions in the text. RL4.8 (RL1.8 not applicable to literature) RL4.9 Compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures.	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas RI.4.7 Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears. RI.4.8 Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text. RI.4.9 Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably	
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity RL.4.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. READING: FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity RI.4.10 By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	
Phonics and Word Recognition	LANGUAGE	4
 RF.4.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. RF.4.3a Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context. Fluency RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. RF.4.4b Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. RF.4.4b Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. 	Conventions of Standard English L.4.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.4.1a Use relative pronouns (who, whose, whom, which, that) and relative adverbs (where, when, why). L.4.1b Form and use the progressive (e.g., I was walking; I am walking; I will be walking) verb tenses. L.4.1c Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., can, may, must) to convey various conditions. L.4.1d Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., a small red bag rather than a red small bag). L.4.1e Form and use prepositional phrases.	
RF.4.4c Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	 L4.1f Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons. L4.1g Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their) 	
WRITING Text Types and Purposes W.4.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. W.4.1a Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.4.1b Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details. W.4.1c Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition).	 L.4.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.4.2a Use correct capitalization. L.4.2b Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text. L.4.3c Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence. L.4.3d Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed. 	
 W.4.1d Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. W.4.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ides and information clearly. W.4.2a Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.4.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic. W.4.2c Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, 	Example 2 L.4.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L.4.3 Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely. L.4.3b Choose punctuation for effect. L.4.3c Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion).	
because). W.4.2d Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. W.4.2e Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented. W.4.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.4.3a Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L.4.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.4.4a Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.4.4b Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).	
 W.4.3b Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations. W.4.3c Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events. W.4.3d Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely. W.4.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. 	 L4.4c Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. L4.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. L4.5a Explain the meaning of similes and metaphors (e.g., as pretty as a picture) in context. L4.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. 	
Production and Distribution of Writing W.4.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.4.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 4 here.)	 L4.5c Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms). L4.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation). 	
W.4.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.	SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL4.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.4.7 Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. W.4.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources. W.4.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	 SL.4.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. SL.4.1b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. SL.4.1c Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others. 	
 W.4.9a Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions]."). W.4.9b Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text"). 	 SL.4.1d Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion. SL.4.2 Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL.4.3 Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points. 	
Range of Writing W.4.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	 SL.4.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace. SL.4.5 Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes. SL.4.6 Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 4 Language standards 1 here for specific expectations.) 	

www.commoncoregaloreandmore.com

• [DE 5
. 1	READING: LITERATURE	READING: INFORMATIONAL TEXT
	Key Ideas and Details	Key Ideas and Details
	RL5.1 Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	RI.5.1 Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences
	RL5.2 Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including how characters in a story	from the text. RI.5.2 Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details;
	or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic; summarize the text.	summarize the text.
	RL5.3 Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions).	RI.5.3 Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.
•	Craft and Structure	
•	RL5.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language	Craft and Structure
	such as metaphors and similes.	RI.5.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
•	RL.5.5 Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.	RI.5.5 Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution,
	RL5.6 Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described.	of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. RI.5.6 Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and
·	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	differences in the point of view they represent.
•	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas RL5.7 Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g.,	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
	graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).	RI.5.7 Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an
'	RL5.8 (RL1.8 not applicable to literature)	answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.
1	RL.5.9 Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar themes and topics.	RI.5.8 Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).
		RI.5.9 Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject
Ì	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	knowledgeably.
	RL5.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
,		RI.5.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and
,	READING: FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS	science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
,	Phonics and Word Recognition	
•	RF.5.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. RF.5.3a Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology	LANGUAGE
•	(e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.	Conventions of Standard English
	Fluency	L.5.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
	RF.5.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. RF.5.4a Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	L.5.1a Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections in general and their function in
	RF.5.4b Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive	particular sentences. L.5.1b Form and use the perfect (e.g., I had walked; I have walked; I will have walked) verb tenses.
	readings. RF.5.4c Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	L.5.1c Use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.
2		L.5.1d Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense. L.5.1e Use correlative conjunctions (e.g., either/or, neither/nor).
	WRITING	L.5.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling
	Text Types and Purposes W.5.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.	when writing. L.5.2a Use punctuation to separate items in a series.
	W.5.1a Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas	L.5.2b Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.
	are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.5.1b Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details.	L.5.2c Use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Steve?).
•	W.5.1c Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically).	L.5.2d Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works
	 W.5.1d Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. W.5.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. 	L.5.2e Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
	W.5.2a Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general observation and focus, and group related information	Knowledge of Language
	logically; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.5.2b Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples	L5.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L5.3a Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
	related to the topic.	L.5.3b Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or
	W.5.2c Link ideas within and across categories of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast,	poems.
	especially). W.5.2d Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use L5.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5
	W.5.2e Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.	reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
	W.5.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.	L.5.4a Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	W.5.3a Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an	L.5.4b Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word
	event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.5.3b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or	(e.g., photograph, photosynthesis). L.5.4c Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the
	show the responses of characters to situations.	pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.
	W.5.3c Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.	L.5.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
	W.5.3d Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.	L.5.5a Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context.
	 W.5.3d Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely. W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.
	w.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.
	W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task,	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases,
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should 	L5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). <u>SPEAKING AND LISTENING</u>
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from pers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command 	L5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL.5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL.5.1 a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, rewriting, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL.5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL.5.1a come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL.5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL.5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussions. SL.5.1b Flow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. SL.5.1c Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL.5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL.5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. SL.5.1b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. SL.5.1c Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from pers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. M.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING ADD LISTENING SL5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under duscussion. SL5.1b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. SL5.1c Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. SL5.1d Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. W.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL.5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL.5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. SL.5.10 Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. SL.5.10 Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions. SL.5.2 Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including
	W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in stundards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from pers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, developing the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or admanda to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]").	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING ADD LISTENING SL5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under duscussion. SL5.1b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. SL5.1c Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. SL5.1d Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. W.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, 	 L5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SL5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SL5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussions. SL5.1b (Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. SL5.1d Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions. SL5.2 Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL5.3 Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. W.5.7 Conduct short research to Build and Present Knowledge W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]"). W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]""). 	L.5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L.5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL.5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL.5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. SL.5.1b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. SL.5.1c Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. SL.5.1a Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions. SL.5.2 Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL.5.3 Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. M.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to lifterature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]"). 	 L5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SEDEAKING AND LISTENING SL5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. SL5.5.1c Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. SL5.2 Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL5.3 Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence. SL5.4 Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace. SL5.5 Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. W.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters literat.]"). W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]""). Range of Writing W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support parti	 L5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SPEAKING AND LISTENING SL5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. SL5.1b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. SL5.1c Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. SL5.2 Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL5.3 Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence. SL5.4 Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
	 W.5.3e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.) W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. W.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]"). W.5.9 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]""). Range of Writing W.5.9 Divite routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time 	 L5.5b Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. L5.5c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. L5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition). SL5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL.5.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. SL.5.1b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. SL.5.1c Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate. SL.5.2 Merview the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions. SL.5.3 Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL.5.3 Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence. SL.5.4 Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace. SL.5.5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.

www.commoncoregaloreandmore.com

Here are some products that you might be interested in: Common Core Math Assessments for 1st Grade Common Core Math Assessments for 2nd Grade Common Core Math Assessments for 3rd Grade Common Core Math Assessments for 4th Grade

Be the first to know about my new products, freebies, and discounts

• Look for the green star near the top of any page within my store and click it to become a follower. You will then receive customized email updates about this store.





CREDITS





